

Lección 6 – Paquete de cultura

Página 198: *Los mercados al aire libre*

Answer *cierto* or *falso* for the following questions based on the reading. If the statement is *falso*, change it to make it *cierto*.

- | | | |
|--|--------|-------|
| 1. Generally, open-air markets specialize in one type of goods. | Cierto | Falso |
| 2. Bargaining is commonplace at outdoor markets. | Cierto | Falso |
| 3. Only new goods can be found at open-air markets. | Cierto | Falso |
| 4. A Spaniard in search of antiques could shop at El Rastro. | Cierto | Falso |
| 5. If you are in Guatemala and want to buy ceramics, you can go to Chichicastenango. | Cierto | Falso |
| 6. A ñapa is a tax on open-air market goods. | Cierto | Falso |
| 7. The otavaleños weave colorful textiles to sell on Saturdays. | Cierto | Falso |
| 8. Santiago's Mercado Central is known for books and music. | Cierto | Falso |

Página 199: *Diseñadores de moda*

Complete the Spanish sentences based on the reading.

1. Carolina Herrera es de (Colombia/Venezuela).
2. La ropa de Herrera es muy (elegante/barata).
3. En Puerto Rico, los bluejeans se llaman (los mahones/los tejanos).
4. La ropa de (Óscar de la Renta/Silvia Tcherassi) muestra influencias tropicales.
5. Si hace fresco en México, puedes llevar una (chamarra/remera).

Páginas 222-223: Cuba

1. What author is associated with La Habana Vieja?

2. Why is the Ballet Nacional de Cuba famous?

3. What are the two most important agricultural products of Cuba?

4. Where did many immigrants in Cuba come from?

5. What is the Buena Vista Social Club?

6. Describe Fidel Castro's significance to Cuba.
